1) Charlotte Mason's letters to Mrs. Franklin 1897 - 1922.

Copenhagen 1897.

I enjoyed Holland with its many street pictures as well as its pictures in galleries. I think the Dutch have that saving grace of humour which I seem to miss among these profoundly serious and most excellent Danes. Of the various cities we have visited, I think Lübeck delighted me most, with its quaint Greek Gothic and its Memling pictures. . . We have met nobody very interesting but then the hour for Dutch Table d'Hôte appears to be from four to seven, so we could not give up the afternoon to eating our dinner. We are in a small pension here; in spite of the American visitors, it is a genuine Danish interior, beautiful Danish embroideries, chiefly in two shades of blue on the table and elsewhere, blue Danish china to match, beautiful brass teapots and coffee pots and urns; most notable house-wifely arrangements in every way and much Danish talk, always in a rather sad monotone. The air here is a luxury, so elastic and delicious and the sea and the big ships within ten minutes of us. . .

You have "done" the Dutch cities have you not? Of most of the painters one's impression remains the same, only none but Rembrandt strikes me in quite a new may. I had thought of his wonderful technique, chiarascuro and so on; what has struck me this time is the reverent and gentle way in which he deals with the personalities of his subjects. You feel that every man has greatness in him somewhere because the artist has revealed so much in apparently commonplace men.

Miss Armitt has brought her press and botany books, but we have not been near plants yet. I hope we shall in Norway.

December 1898.

Re conferences I must just dot down a few things Mr. Rooper said which I thought telling and which I very much endorse. I asked him to write to you but he may have foresten.

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We are not women workers; our society much more important because with

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H.O.E. March 1900.

- remembering that I have had to fight every inch of the way we have come and that I sit like Botticelli's Fortitude, sword in hand, dreading unspeakably a possible

8. 2. 1904.

Here is goodness and virtue! A long synopsis of our teaching - copies of which I have sent to Miss Armfield for each member of the Committee: That is what your last letter produced. Now you will have a foundation for any talking or writing you may have to do.

12. 2. 1904

I am ever so elad you.like the Statement. Yes I know that there will be tiresome work on hand re Statement but I am. less anxious to carry the point than that each member of the Committee should feel that there is a "Yea" or "Nay" to be said. It is drifting which I think is so damaging; that is

7. The Symples !

why I sent the Statement to each member Chapter and Verse? - No,best of Friends! - because it is all in the nature of line upon line, precept upon precept, every bit, I think, in Home Education but unfolded and unfolded until the last pamphlet - but what I am doing is to make a careful table and convents which shall guide people in their studies, that is - if anybody does study.

22.3.1904.

You see, the whole object (of the statement) in view is that the Committee on behalf of the Union should make a confession of faith. Of course there will be dissidents, even on the Committee, and certainly in the Union; but every body contains those who differ and there is no compulsion or pressure whatever. Nor is anything new advanced. The principles are those, which, as a Nursing Mother (may I say so?) as well as Founder of the Union, I have sustained it with from year to year, which contain all the vital truth is possesses and, so far as I can see, constitute its raison d'être . . . A great gain has come to me in the shape of those members who, seeing the whole scheme of thought in a bird's eye view, became the first adherents of the whole. I. . . am deeply grateful to them and value their enthusiasm more than I can say. It is a great thing when others see eye to eye with you about matters which are as your very life. It will be a joyful and delightful thing to see the P.N.E.U. such an educational society as the world has never known; and there really is, I think, something to be said in favour of a person of even average intelligence who has given about forty years of incessant, consecutive progressive thought to the one subject of Education and who has tested every point laid down by many experiments and much investigation of principles.

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1909.

We have had our inspection"The Great O.B." is old, you naturally call him an old man and he is passe in the sense that he is developing certain cranks but he is intellectually alive and alert to his finger-tips and is well worth the (heavy) cost. His keen interest in every subject, (except Maths and Handicrafts) and his great knowledge of all and each was a most valuable stimulus to the House made us all more in love than ever with knowledge.

1910 - To Mrs. Franklin on her birthday.

/May God be with you dearest, through the day and through the year . . . As for becoming at all better, more satisfactory to oneself as the years go on, I don't find any of that pleasure! But don't you think one becomes more and more able to say "Whom have I in heaven but Thee and there is none upon earth that I desire in comparison with Thee."

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A magazine or Review must not develop into a pamphlet but must consist of a certain number of articles no one greatly exceeding the last in length. Now "P.R." has a distinguished literary character to maintain. It is unique in all languages and in all times as an educational magazine of a literary character not professional or technical. We must play the game and not edit in an amateurish way. When you and I are sone "P.R." will be long quoted and made much of in the annals of Education - Now, Ma'am, don't make me "explain again."

12. 6. 1911.

Like everyone else, I say with secret joy "How the weeks fly" I watch the clock to see how soon anything and everything will come to an end. Like you, I am not a bit sorry for people killed in trying to save others or in battle, or even in accidents, not that I think death is relief for everyone, but is just a soing on, in, so to speak, a change of garments. But, not like you, I take real pains to go on living and I'll tell you why.

1912:

Miss Summer has been having a most successful Ficture Show in Liverpool. . . her pictures sell and the newspapers call her a post impressionist with lavish praises.

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1912.

I hope she will present the doctrine that a fully employed intelligence results in nervous stability. It seems to me it is a doctrine the world should be the better for, it is one I have had much at heart for years but I have not had is one I have had much at truth as came under Dr. Rebb's notice at Winchester.

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Is it so?

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She has not the art of resting or of reading. The two things are synonymous are they not? I am persuading her to read Jane Austin. It is not freedom in education that is wanted but knowledge.

Feb. 1913. (P.U.S. Examination)

The Examiners School Report has just come in and he rates the unsatisfactory papers as one per cent.! and it is only really good work that is regarded as satisfactory. No school anywhere could furnish such a record and I feel more and more ashamed that we should be keeping all this good thing to ourselves. We must make it national, quite independent of us - for we have already almost more than an organisation can manage. You will have to talk to teachers like anything! but alas, we can't get any outside help. The two enclosures you sent me are cheering but dead against us - It isn't freedom in education we want, we do as we are bid, but Knowledge.

May 1913.

Now please don't make me waste time in talking politics again!! Of course I care and care intensely. Also of course, reasonable persons are not carried away by every wind of doctrine.

Also of course you are a darling.

June 1913.

The enclosed from Mrs. Steinthal will interest you, the difficulty will be to get those mistresses to realise that mere reading is for delight but not so much for education.

September 1913.

Mr. Burrell is wearing himself out upon us and is quite splendid. The students, I am told, delight in his teaching and in him especially as "the candid friend" Travel for me has to be very much conditioned alas, though

Travel for me has to be very much conditioned alas, though I can get through a great amount of work, an unusual amount, in my own quiet way, I must recognize my limitations and that I am non-visiting King-Log! and so you must be dreadfully good and make up by coming to me.

December 1913.

It is snowy and beautiful here to-day and we have had a stimulating drive. K - has dealt with about sixty letters daily and papers and "F.R.". and - and -! And long laborious letters to two teachers who seem to be going to take up P.U.S. I don't want to attempt anything more than these few Yorkshire schools which may take it up. If they try it in earnest for a year, I think we may set the ball rolling, and they will have to invent theor own organization - but that is a long way in the future, if it come at all.

1914.

The students are at the moment doing their last papers and tomorrow they go. Last night V.F. and I said many words of wisdom re time, money, clothes, the art of living in other people's houses, etc., etc., backing it all up with passages out of all the horrid letters we have ever had! Foor dears, it is enough to make them throw up the ball.

- "Chiefly what I wish for myself - increase in the knowledge of God." (New Year Wish)

June 1914?

We have had letters from four Bradford school mistresses after Mrs. Steinthal's meeting. . . . but only two schools have positively joined yet.

October 1914.

I have not yet got over the exquisite joy of being at home! I really did not know how much I felt the sort of alien I really did not know now much I felt the sort of alien atmosphere - people were very kind indeed to us but always one knew that their thoughts were not our thoughts. A hostile country, we have found out, is a bitter experience even when you are perfectly comfortable.

November 1914.

To let you go for another week is horrid! But - the Belgians have come - a houseful next door.

November 1914.

Professor Campagnac is a most admirable examiner, patient, critical, just. The students and the mistresses delighted in him as an examiner because they trusted him.

1915.

One of my little secrets: "He maketh the barren woman to keep house and to be the joyful mother of children (my dear 'Bairn').

1916.

I have just been reviewing books - a horrid labour.

Do you mind my asking you to read again Vol. II of the little red books pp. 71-76 and Vol. III pp. 106-117. (Saviour of the world) little red books pp. 71-76 and Vol. III pp. 106-117.

I have tried to say there in a very crude way something of of what I mean. (I know you too receive Jesus as "a teacher sent from God" and that is all the argument requires). But I want to tell you why I feel I must go on living as long as I want to tell you why I feel I must go on living as long as I am allowed. I do not look for anything in the way of punishment or reward or compensation more than of the sort I get here with the one vast exception of "life more abounding," that is, I think God-knowledge, God consciousness.

But there will be there

So much to do
So much to know
So much to see
So much to love

At the present time people can only see, know, do, love, as they are prepared, and I have a notion we have to be in the things in the flesh. We shall so on with it in the spirit. All the people we shall meet we ought to know, realise, first, all the flowers in the world - all the stars in the universe (and I know no astronomy to speak of!)
Of course "His servants shall serve Him" always in all manners and we don't know which is first or last of the ways, you remember Browning's Lazarus, how intensely insignificant things

I shouldn't wonder if this is the sort of Gospel our age is waiting for and we are so sick waiting that we play like

tired children at a fair.

January 1916.

At last the wind has abated and "Richard's himself again" and I am doing things and first writing to you to wish you great blessings in the New Year, chiefly what I wich wish mostly for myself, "Increase in the knowledge of God."

August 1916.

I have had rather a bad time here and a very busy one largely about that "plan of campaign" of which Miss Parish has written to you fully She was able, too, to tell me your mind about it all so that I feel we are united for a reat effort which is laid upon us because we are the only people who are able to give what the country is crying for.

November 1916.

How I long for you to see Drighlington etc. Fancy Miss Ambler has had 47 visitors since the summer.

January 1917.

Next about the Conference programme - I think we may as well lie low while we have this big thing in hand. We want to have all our energies at command. What we want to do now is to impress each of our Branches and all the old students with the sense that they are Stewards of Education in their several nelembourhoods. We small think out ways and means

March 1917.

There are two things we want for the college and school one: that the College Certificate should be recognised for
elementary schools. I know some of our students would
long to teach in them, though alas we are at our wits end
to supply the family demand - indeed we can't do it.

The other thing we want is the recognition of our Final V or VI form exam as qualifying for the entrance to training for certain professions - but these two can wait. This work is a great happiness and relief, is it not?

January 1918.

As a reformer, I am a free lance, tacitly opposed to things as they are. . . . (comparing the College with others), (Criticisms) come from the difference between a Training College and others - those that you mention do not profess to train.

January 1918.

Some day we hope to see each P.N.E.U. Branch a sort of centre for the spiritual (including intellectual) profit of all classes in its neighbourhood.

qualifications for September 1918. Alluding to the Entrance for to the House of Education.

- We should lose many of our best students by doing so for instance, half our present students have passed some exam and the other half have not and the latter are much the better students. These examps mean cram and leave the students drained out.

9

August 1919.

We have been sorely distressed re house-room and I have had to buy Fairfield and the next house to secure a place, and this after all the lean years of the war. You will like to know that the College is full for next year.

1921.

"Heaps of elementary children doing such good work."

"Did I tell you ho much I rejoice over our first County School Farents' Branch?"

1922.

What a time you had among the Alpine flowers! I know something of the joy of it for many years ago before you were born or thought of, I spent some early spring weeks at the Kaltbad (Rigi) with some friends. After forty years I see and smell and luxuriate - but I did not see the Soldanella. Science has done nothing to confirm the "rut" theory in all these years, and Brother Body seems to me much the inferior partner. I think all that I have written is still true but I would emphasise habit and so on less. Child mind - no, because a child has a much mind as the rest of us.



Charlotte Mason's letters to Mrs. Franklin 1897 - 1922.

Copenhagen 1897.

I enjoyed Holland with its many street pictures as well as its pictures in calleries. I think the Dutch have that saving grace of humour which I seem to miss among these profoundly serious and most excellent Danes. Of the various cities we have visited, I think Lubeck delighted me most, with its quaint Greek Gothic and its Memling pictures. . . We have met nobody very interesting but then the hour for Dutch Table d'Hôte appears to be from four to seven, so we could not give up the afternoon to eating our dinner.
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Miss Armitt has brought her press and botany books, but we have not been near plants yet. I hope we shall in Norway.

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Re conferences I must just dot down a few things Mr. Rooper said which I thought telling and which I very much endorse. I asked him to write to you but he may have forgotten.

We must not be swamped by "women workers". We are not women workers; our society much more important because with definite aims: They a mere collection of units destined not to live: Socialistic society of Maurice Kingsley swamped in this way: joined British Association as "Group T" in consequence, do nothing.

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H.O.E. March 1900.

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1910 - To Mrs. Franklin on her birthday.

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1916.

I have just been reviewing books - a horrid labour.

Do you mind my asking you to read again Vol. II of the little red books pp. 71-76 and Vol. III pp. 106-117. I have tried to say there in a very crude way something of of what I mean. (I know you too receive Jesus as a teacher sent from God" and that is all the argument requires). But I want to tell you why I feel I must go on living as long as I am allowed. I do not look for anything in the way of punishment or reward or compensation more than of the sort I get here with the one vast exception of "life more abounding," that is, I think God-knowledge, God consciousness. (Saviour of the World) I think God-knowledge, God consciousness. But there will be there

So much to do So much to know So much to see So much to love At the present time people can only see, know, do, love, as they are prepared, and I have a notion we have to be in the things in the flesh. We shall go on ith it in the spirit. All the people we shall meet we ould to know, realise, first, all the flowers in the orld - all the stars in the universe (and I know no astronomy to speak of!) Of course "His servants shall serve Him" always in all manners and we don't know which is first or last of the ways, you remember Browning's Lazarus, how intensely insignificant things attracted him.

I shouldn't wonder if this is the sort of Gospel our age is waiting for and we are so sick waiting that we play like

tired children at a fair.

January 1916.

At last the wind has abated and "Richard's himself again" and I am doing things and first writing to you to sish you great blessings in the New Year, chiefly what I with wish mostly for myself, "Increase in the knowledge of God."

Au ust 1916.

I have had rather a bad time here and a very busy one largely about that "plan of campaign" of which Miss Parish has written to you fully . . . She was able, too, to tell me your mind about it all so that I feel we are united for a great effort which is laid upon us because we are the only people who are able to give what the country is crying for.

November 1916.

How I long for you to see Trichlington etc. Fancy Miss Ambler has had 47 vicitors since the summer.

January 1917.

Next about the Conference programme - I think we may as well lie low while we have this big thing in hand. We want to have all our energies at command. What we want to do now is to impress each of our Branches and all the ole students with the sense that they are Stelards of Education in their several neighbourhoods. We shall think out ways and means by and bye.

March 1917.

There are two things we want for the college and school one: that the College Certificate should be recognised for
elementary schools. I know some of our students would
long to teach in them, though alas we are at our wits end
to supply the family demand - indeed we can't do it.

The other thing we want is the recognition of our Final V or VI form exam as qualifying for the entrance to training for certain professions - but these two can wait. This work is a great happiness and relief, is it not?

January 1918.

is a reformer, I am a free lance, tacitly opposed to things as they are. . . . (comparing the College with others), (Criticisms) come from the difference between a <u>Training</u> College and others - those that you mention do not profess to train.

January 1918.

Some day we hope to see each P.N.E.U. Branch a sort of centre for the spiritual (including intellectual) profit of all classes in its neighbourhood.

qualifications for September 1918. Alluding to the Entrance for to the House of Education.

- We should lose many of our best students by doing so - for instance, half our present students have passed some exam and the other half have not and the latter are much the better students. These examps mean cram and leave the students drained out.

August 1919.

We have been sorely distressed re house-room and I have had to buy Fairfield and the next house to secure a place, and this after all the lean years of the war. You will like to know that the College is full for next year.

1921.
"Heaps of elementary children doing such good work."

'Did I tell you ho much I rejoice over our first County School Farents' Br nch?"

1 922.

that a time you had among the Upine flowers! I know something of the Joy of it for many years ago before you were born or thou ht of, I spent some early spring weeks at the Kaltbad (Rigi) with some friends. After forty years I see and smell and luxuriate - but I did not see the Soldanella. Science has done nothing to confirm the "rut" theory in all these years, and Brother Body seems to me much the inferior partner. I think all that I have written is still true

but I would emphasise habit and so on less. Child mind - nd, because a child has a much mind as the rest of us.